Women in the 1920s



Before the 1920s, women didn't obtain many rights, and the way the dressed and acted was suppressed by men. The 1920s was a peak for women. The flapper image was created during the Roaring Twenties, and they created a less strict appearance for women because flappers were described as rebellious, fun, and bold. Before the flapper image, if women wore what the flappers did, they were to be considered "unladylike", but the flapper image allowed women to dress more rebellious. The flapper image was mainly used for advertisement to promote the rebellious period of America, but they were a memorable part of the Roaring Twenties.

Women in the 1920s also started to work outside of their homes because of the new opportunites. Millions of women across America worked in jobs called white-collar jobs; with women now working in the economy and not just at a home wife, they helped the consumer economy, and women became more independent. Overall, the flapper image, the 19th Amendment, and women working in jobs changed the ways of women.

One of the most memorable aspects to the 1920s was the 19th Amendment was ratified; the 19th Amendment granted women's suffrage. The 19th Amendment was ratified on August 18, 1920. However, not many women voted even though they had the right to because it was not normal for women to vote yet, and men still had power as to what women did with their lives in a sense. Women's lives changed in numerous ways during the 1920s.